



General Assembly

January Session, 2017

Amendment

LCO No. 8841



Offered by:
SEN. LEONE, 27th Dist.

To: Subst. House Bill No. **7118** File No. 793 Cal. No. 525

(As Amended by House Amendment Schedule "B")

"AN ACT CONCERNING BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS."

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and substitute the
2 following in lieu thereof:

3 "Section 1. Section 20-619 of the general statutes is repealed and the
4 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2017*):

5 (a) For the purposes of section 20-579 and this section:

6 (1) "Biological product" has the same meaning as provided in 42
7 USC 262;

8 [(1)] (2) "Brand name" means the proprietary or trade name selected
9 by the manufacturer and placed upon a drug product, its container,
10 label or wrapping at the time of packaging;

11 [(2)] (3) "Generic name" means the established name designated in

12 the official United States Pharmacopoeia-National Formulary, official
13 Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or official United
14 States Adopted Names or any supplement to any of said publications;

15 (4) "Interchangeable biological product" means a biological product
16 that: (A) The federal Food and Drug Administration has licensed and
17 determined to meet the standards for interchangeability pursuant to 42
18 USC 262(k)(4), or (B) is therapeutically equivalent to another biological
19 product, as set forth in the latest edition of or supplement to the
20 federal Food and Drug Administration's publication "Approved Drug
21 Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations";

22 [(3)] (5) "Therapeutically equivalent" means drug products that are
23 approved under the provisions of the federal Food, Drug and
24 Cosmetic Act for interstate distribution and that will provide
25 essentially the same efficacy and toxicity when administered to an
26 individual in the same dosage regimen;

27 [(4)] (6) "Dosage form" means the physical formulation or medium
28 in which the product is intended, manufactured and made available
29 for use, including, but not limited to, tablets, capsules, oral solutions,
30 aerosol, inhalers, gels, lotions, creams, ointments, transdermals and
31 suppositories, and the particular form of any physical formulation or
32 medium that uses a specific technology or mechanism to control,
33 enhance or direct the release, targeting, systemic absorption, or other
34 delivery of a dosage regimen in the body;

35 [(5)] (7) "Epilepsy" means a neurological condition characterized by
36 recurrent seizures; and

37 [(6)] (8) "Seizures" means a disturbance in the electrical activity of
38 the brain. [; and]

39 [(7) "Antiepileptic drug" means a drug prescribed for the treatment
40 of epilepsy or a drug used to prevent seizures.]

41 (b) Except as limited by subsections [(c), (e) and (i)] (f), (h) and (l) of

42 this section, unless the purchaser instructs otherwise, the pharmacist
43 may substitute a generic drug product with the same strength,
44 quantity, dose and dosage form as the prescribed drug product which
45 is, in the pharmacist's professional opinion, therapeutically equivalent.
46 When the prescribing practitioner is not reasonably available for
47 consultation and the prescribed drug does not use a unique delivery
48 system technology, the pharmacist may substitute an oral tablet,
49 capsule or liquid form of the prescribed drug as long as the form
50 dispensed has the same strength, dose and dose schedule and is
51 therapeutically equivalent to the drug prescribed. The pharmacist shall
52 inform the patient or a representative of the patient, and the
53 practitioner of the substitution at the earliest reasonable time.

54 (c) Except as limited by subsections (f), (h) and (l) of this section,
55 unless the purchaser instructs otherwise, the pharmacist may
56 substitute a biological product for a prescribed biological product if:
57 (1) It is an interchangeable biological product, and (2) the practitioner
58 has not specified, in the manner described in subsection (f) of this
59 section, that there shall be no substitution for the prescribed biological
60 product.

61 (d) (1) Upon the dispensing of an interchangeable biological product
62 to a patient, the pharmacist or a duly authorized agent of the
63 pharmacist shall inform the patient or a representative of the patient of
64 a substitution of an interchangeable biological product for a prescribed
65 biological product. Not later than forty-eight hours after the
66 pharmacist has informed the patient or representative of the patient of
67 the substitution, the pharmacist shall make an entry documenting the
68 substitution in a manner authorized pursuant to subsection (m) of this
69 section, and (2) prior to delivering an interchangeable biological
70 product to a patient through mail, shipment or parcel delivery service,
71 the pharmacist shall notify the patient or a representative of the patient
72 by telephone to inform the patient or representative when the
73 interchangeable biological product will be delivered. The patient or
74 representative of the patient may make a request of the pharmacy that
75 the patient or representative be present to sign for delivery of the

76 interchangeable biological product. The patient or representative of the
77 patient may also confirm receipt of the interchangeable biological
78 product pursuant to subsection (n) of this section. Not later than forty-
79 eight hours after contacting the patient, the pharmacist shall make an
80 entry documenting compliance with this subdivision in the patient's
81 medical or pharmacy record, in a manner authorized pursuant to
82 subsection (m) of this section.

83 (e) Upon the dispensing of an interchangeable biological product,
84 but not later than forty-eight hours following the dispensing of such
85 product, the pharmacist shall inform the prescribing practitioner by
86 facsimile, telephone or electronic transmission of the substitution of
87 such interchangeable biological product for a prescribed biological
88 product.

89 ~~[(c)]~~ (f) A prescribing practitioner may specify in writing or by a
90 telephonic or other electronic communication that there shall be no
91 substitution for the specified brand name drug product or prescribed
92 biological product specified on any prescription form, provided (1) for
93 written prescriptions, the practitioner shall specify on the prescription
94 form that the drug product or prescribed biological product is "brand
95 medically necessary" or "no substitution", (2) for prescriptions
96 transmitted by telephonic means, the pharmacist shall specify "brand
97 medically necessary" or "no substitution" on the prescription form in
98 the pharmacist's handwriting or in the electronic prescription record
99 and shall record on the prescription form the time the telephonic
100 authorization was received and the name of the person who
101 communicated the telephonic authorization to the pharmacist, and (3)
102 for prescriptions transmitted by any other electronic communication,
103 the practitioner shall select the dispense as written code on the
104 certified electronic prescription form to indicate that a substitution is
105 not allowed by the practitioner. No prescription form for written
106 prescriptions, and no prescription form for prescriptions transmitted
107 pursuant to subdivision (2) or (3) of this subsection, may default to
108 "brand medically necessary" or "no substitution".

109 [(d)] (g) Each pharmacy shall post a sign in a location easily seen by
110 patrons at the counter where prescriptions are dispensed stating that,
111 "THIS PHARMACY MAY BE ABLE TO SUBSTITUTE A LESS
112 EXPENSIVE DRUG PRODUCT OR INTERCHANGEABLE
113 BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT WHICH IS THERAPEUTICALLY
114 EQUIVALENT TO THE ONE PRESCRIBED BY YOUR DOCTOR
115 UNLESS YOU DO NOT APPROVE." The printing on the sign shall be
116 in block letters not less than one inch in height.

117 [(e)] (h) A pharmacist may substitute a drug product under
118 subsection (b) or interchangeable biological product under subsection
119 (c) of this section only when there will be a savings in cost passed on to
120 the purchaser. The pharmacist shall disclose the amount of the savings
121 at the request of the patient.

122 [(f)] (i) Except as provided in subsection [(g)] (j) of this section, when
123 a pharmacist dispenses a substitute drug product as authorized by
124 subsection (b) of this section or an interchangeable biological product
125 as authorized by subsection (c) of this section, the pharmacist shall
126 label the prescription container with the name of the dispensed drug
127 product or interchangeable biological product. If the dispensed drug
128 product or interchangeable biological product does not have a brand
129 name, the prescription label shall indicate the generic name of the drug
130 product or the nonproprietary name of the interchangeable biological
131 product dispensed along with the name of the manufacturer of the
132 drug [manufacturer or distributor] product or interchangeable
133 biological product.

134 [(g)] (j) A prescription dispensed by a pharmacist shall bear upon
135 the label the name of the drug or biological product in the container
136 unless the prescribing practitioner writes "DO NOT LABEL", or words
137 of similar import, on the prescription or so designates in an oral or
138 electronic transmission of the prescription.

139 [(h)] (k) Neither the failure to instruct by the purchaser as provided
140 in subsection (b) of this section nor the fact that a sign has been posted

141 as provided in subsection [(d)] (g) of this section shall be a defense on
142 the part of a pharmacist against a suit brought by any such purchaser.

143 [(i)] (l) Upon the initial filling or renewal of a prescription that
144 contains a statistical information code based upon the most recent
145 edition of the International Classification of Diseases indicating the
146 prescribed drug is used for the treatment of epilepsy or to prevent
147 seizures, a pharmacist shall not fill the prescription by using a different
148 drug manufacturer or distributor of the prescribed drug or biological
149 product, unless the pharmacist (1) provides prior notice of the use of a
150 different drug or biological product manufacturer or distributor to the
151 patient and the prescribing practitioner, and (2) obtains the written
152 consent of the patient's prescribing practitioner. For purposes of
153 obtaining the consent of the patient's prescribing practitioner required
154 by this subsection, a pharmacist shall notify the prescribing
155 practitioner via electronic mail or facsimile transmission. If the
156 prescribing practitioner does not provide the necessary consent, the
157 pharmacist shall fill the prescription without such substitution or use
158 of a different drug or biological product manufacturer or distributor or
159 return the prescription to the patient or to the patient's representative
160 for filling at another pharmacy. If a pharmacist is unable to contact the
161 patient's prescribing practitioner after making reasonable efforts to do
162 so, such pharmacist may exercise professional judgment in refilling a
163 prescription in accordance with the provisions of subsection (b) of
164 section 20-616. For purposes of this subsection, "pharmacy" means a
165 place of business where drugs and devices may be sold at retail and for
166 which a pharmacy license was issued pursuant to section 20-594,
167 including a hospital-based pharmacy when such pharmacy is filling
168 prescriptions for employees and outpatient care, and a mail order
169 pharmacy licensed by this state to distribute in this state. "Pharmacy"
170 does not include a pharmacy serving patients in a long-term care
171 facility, other institutional facility or a pharmacy that provides
172 prescriptions for inpatient hospitals.

173 (m) Not later than forty-eight hours following the dispensing of an
174 interchangeable biological product, the dispensing pharmacist or the

175 pharmacist's designee shall make an entry of the specific product
176 provided to the patient, including the name of the product and the
177 manufacturer of the product. The entry shall be made in a manner that
178 provides notice to the prescriber and may be made through one of the
179 following means: (1) An interoperable electronic medical records
180 system, (2) an electronic prescribing technology, (3) a pharmacy benefit
181 management system, or (4) a pharmacy record. If the entry is not made
182 by any of the means specified in subdivision (1), (2), (3) or (4) of this
183 subsection, the pharmacist shall communicate the product dispensed
184 to the prescriber using either facsimile, telephone or electronic
185 transmission, provided such communication shall not be required
186 when a refill prescription is not changed from the product dispensed
187 on the prior filling of the prescription. The provisions of this
188 subsection shall not apply to interchangeable biological products
189 dispensed by a pharmacy operated by a hospital licensed in
190 accordance with the provisions of chapter 368v.

191 (n) Each prescription for an interchangeable biological product that
192 is delivered to a patient through mail, shipment or parcel delivery
193 service shall contain a written notice to the patient detailing the
194 specific interchangeable biological product being shipped, the name of
195 the pharmacist or pharmacy providing the prescription and contact
196 information, including, but not limited to, a telephone number the
197 patient may call to: (1) Request to be present or have a representative
198 present to sign for delivery of the interchangeable biological product,
199 (2) confirm receipt of the interchangeable biological product, or (3) ask
200 questions regarding the prescription.

201 [(j)] (o) The commissioner, with the advice and assistance of the
202 commission, shall adopt regulations, in accordance with chapter 54, to
203 carry out the provisions of this section.

204 Sec. 2. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2017*) Prior to prescribing a
205 biological product, as defined in section 20-619 of the general statutes,
206 as amended by this act, a prescribing practitioner shall discuss with the
207 patient or a representative of the patient the treatment methods,

208 alternatives to and risks associated with the use of such biological
209 product. The prescribing practitioner shall document such discussion
210 in the patient's medical record not later than twenty-four hours after
211 such discussion has taken place."

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| This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections: | | |
| Section 1 | <i>October 1, 2017</i> | 20-619 |
| Sec. 2 | <i>October 1, 2017</i> | New section |